

Comr A.S.

SOURCE: DPR'S BANNERS ABROAD,  
REPORT TO THE THIRD  
MOPR CONGRESS OF THE  
SOVIET UNION, BY H.  
STASSOVA.

*Moscow 1931.  
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I. MOPR AND OTHER ORGANISATIONS OF THE REVOLUTIONARY

WORKERS' MOVEMENT

*also filed  
10208  
2200 II  
Extract in appropriate  
files in 10208*

Comrades:

Approximately three years ago at our Second Congress I also had to make a report on the work of the Executive Committee.

Consequently my task consists of telling you what the Executive Committee has done in the course of these three years.

Here we must record positive and quite considerable results.

Those present who were at the Second Congress perhaps remember that we then indicated that we had to make a report at the Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labour Unions, which approximately coincided with our Second Congress.

In the name of our organisation, one of the secretaries of the Executive Committee greeted the Congress. Then on the basis of our proposal a resolution was adopted which obliged all trade unions adhering to the Red International of Labour Unions to give every possible support to our organisation, both by individual membership as well as by the entire organisations.

The Sixth Congress of the Comintern as you know took place in the same year of 1928. We instructed the Communist fraction of our organisation to organise a commission at the Congress. This commission consisting approximately

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of 70 people met and worked out all questions which interest comrades from foreign sections. Then the proposal of the Commission was introduced into the Presidium of the Communist International which adopted a resolution obliging our organisation to increase its work in colonial and semi-colonial countries, paying increasing attention to the persecution of Negro workers in the United States of America, to struggle against lynching and persecution of Chinese workers by the Kuomintang.

First of all, instructions were given to all Communist Parties that they must give the utmost support to the MOPR organisations and to remember that the latter are independent organisations and not departments of the Communist Party, and finally directives were given that, on the one hand, we must limit the sphere of our activity from other mass organisations of the working class and of the revolutionary movement, and on the other hand -- to work in contact with them in order that one organisation should not interfere with another in its every day activity.

Then the Fifth Congress of the Young Communist International took place in September of the same year of 1928. The Executive Committee of MOPR entrusted me with making a report and then on the basis of this report a resolution was worked out appealing to all Young Communist Leagues and obliging every member of the Leagues to be a member of the International Red Aid and to give every possible support to our movement.

Further, in August, 1930, on the instruction of the Executive Committee I had to make quite an extensive report

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at the Fifth Congress of the Red International of Labour Unions.

On the basis of my report a commission was called at the Congress which in essence was transformed into a conference. This was the largest of all the commissions of the Congress.

There we worked out a resolution which undoubtedly stimulated the work of the Red Trade Unions in the sphere of International Red Aid (MOPR).

As you see we have not a few achievements, but undoubtedly these achievements place further responsibilities on the Executive Committee of the International Red Aid and compel it to broadly develop its work.